OCP INDICATOR DASHBOARD

November 16, 2020

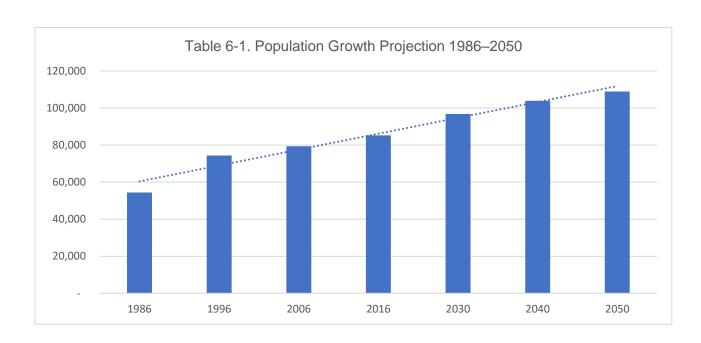


The following indicators provide a concrete, data driven representation of how the Official Community Plan for the Electoral Areas (OCP) goals, objectives and policies impact the region. This work began with research into CVRD documents and other sources for indicators that are already being tracked. This data was then refined to focus on indicators that were relevant to OCP goals, which are informed by its policies and objectives. The result is an indicator dashboard that includes 37 different indicators providing an objective look at the Cowichan Valley through eight different policy areas. A summary of the indicators under their policy area headings is provided below in Table 1-1.

Table 1-1. HOCP Indicators					
Managing growth sustainably					
Population growth					
Improve and expand the range of housing					
Housing growth	3. CVRD house prices				
4. Sales to inventory ratio for housing	5. Affordability				
Manage infrastructure sustainably					
Mode of transportation to work by	7. Percentage of population within 400m of				
electoral area	a transit line				
Percentage of population on CVRD	Average water consumption				
utility services					
10. Waste stream	11. Asset management				
Protect the environment					
12. Area of CVRD impacted by	13. Area of CVRD protected as park				
development and logging					
14. ESAs in electoral areas	15. Hectares of park in electoral areas				
16. Indoor and outdoor recreation	17. Trails km / type / location				
facilities available					
18. Sensitive ecosystem protection	19. Water quality				
20. Aquifer vulnerability					
Strengthen food and agricultural systems for fo	ood security				
21. ALR exclusions and inclusions	22. Average age of farmers				
23. Size of CVRD farms	24. Income receipts for farms				
25. Land in food production	26. Food insecurity				
27. Food processing					
Support heritage, arts and culture					
28. Heritage assets registered by	29. Types of assets registered				
electoral area					
30. Arts grants allocations by art type					
Realize the region's economic potential					
31. Employment by industry and change	32. Labour force education level				
over time					
33. Median and gross incomes	34. Distribution of household income in				
	electoral areas				
35. Industrially designated land available					
Mitigate and adapt to climate change					
36. Corporate GHG emissions	37. Community energy and emission				
	inventories				
38. Utilities energy data	39. Solid waste emissions				

Objective: Managing growth sustainably

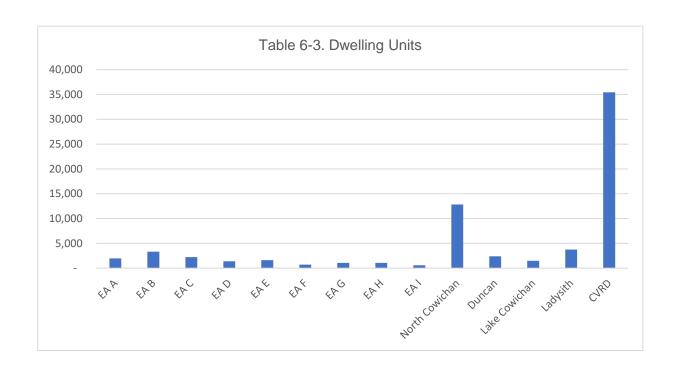
Indicator	Rationale	Data accessibility
1. Population growth	This data forms the basis for the planning work required to absorb population growth.	Population growth projections (Long-range projections of population, housing and employment in the Cowichan Valley Regional District, 2019, p. 15)



Objective: Improve and expand the range of housing

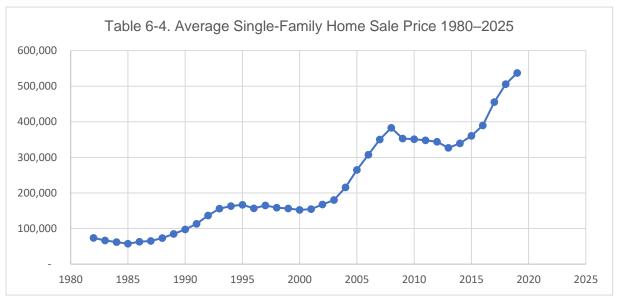
Indicator Rationale Data accessibility

- 2. Housing growth units by type and electoral area
- The housing units and types needed form the foundation of planning.
- Table 6-2. Housing Types 100% 90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% Lake Comichan Morth Conichar ERE Duncan Ladysith ■ Ground Oriented Apartment
- 2017 population and housing units by electoral area (Long-range projections of population, housing and employment in the Cowichan Valley Regional District, 2019, p. 23)

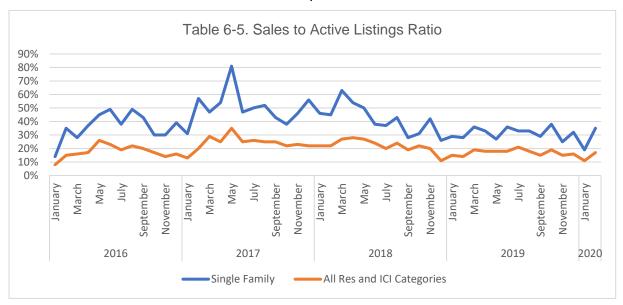


3. CVRD house prices

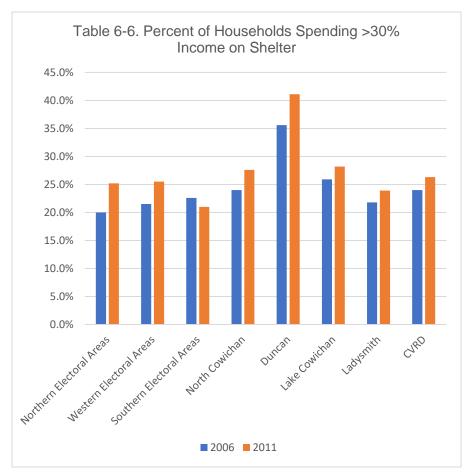
- Managing the cost of housing needs to be central to all planning.
- VIREB



- 4. Sales to inventory ratio for housing
- The ratio between supply (inventory) and demand (sales) determines the change in housing and land prices.
- VIREB



- 5. Affordability (based on CVRD incomes)
- Housing affordability is a key factor in community health. This indicator informs on the supply of developable land.

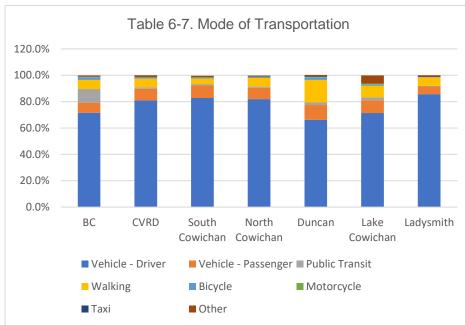


- VIREB
- Median household income (Long-range projections of population, housing and employment in the Cowichan Valley Regional District, 2019, p. 35-37)
- Average single family home sale price (<u>Cowichan</u> <u>Attainable Housing</u> <u>Strategy</u>, 2019a, p. 14)
- Percent spending >30% of income on housing for renters and owners (<u>Cowichan</u> <u>Communities</u> <u>Health Profile</u>, 2014, p. 63)

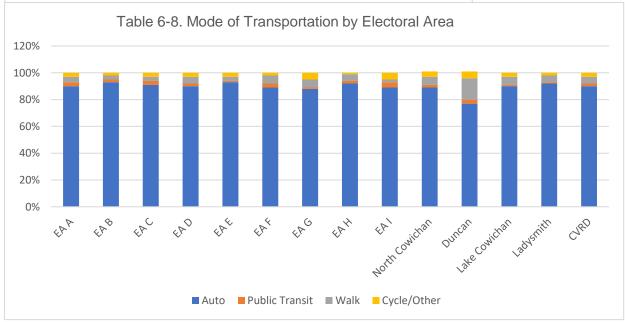
Objective: Manage infrastructure sustainably

Indicator Rationale Data accessibility

- 6. Mode of transportation to work by electoral area
- This indicator shows how people are moving around in the region, and thereby associated emissions and other factors.

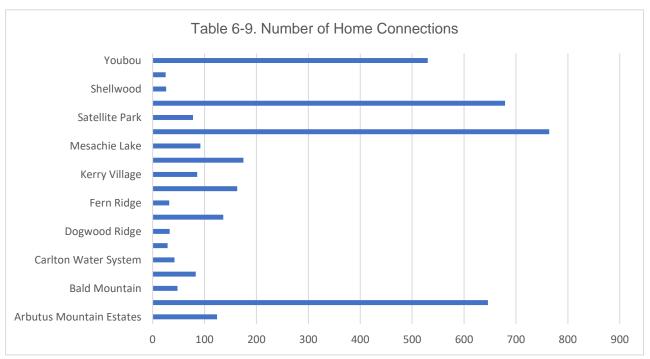


- Modal share by area and for CVRD total (Transit Future Plan: Cowichan Valley Region, 2012, p. 34-37) Typo on tables p. 35-37 CVRD not BC)
- Commuting modes of transport
 (Addendum to The Long-range projections of population, housing and employment in the Cowichan Valley Regional District, 2019b, p. 3)

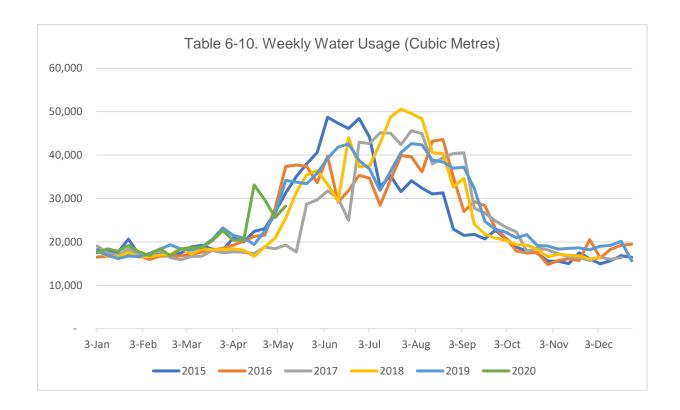


- 7. Percentage of population within 400m of a transit line
- This indicator shows potential for transit ridership.
- (2010 State of the Environment, 2010, p. 148)
- (<u>Transit Future</u>
 <u>Plan: Cowichan</u>
 <u>Valley Region</u>
 2012, p. 49)

- **Current Status:** Approximately 50% of residents live within 400m of a transit line.
- Percentage of population on CVRD utility services
- For any growth to be denser than 1 unit/ha, it must be serviced with community water and sewer systems. Some utilities are public, and some are private, and the CVRD wants most utilities to become publicly owned and operated. As such servicing is the key indicator for growth management and location.
- (Water & Wastewater
 Utilities Review and Assessment for the Cowichan Valley Regional District, 2017, p.22).
- (<u>Water Systems</u>, n.d.)

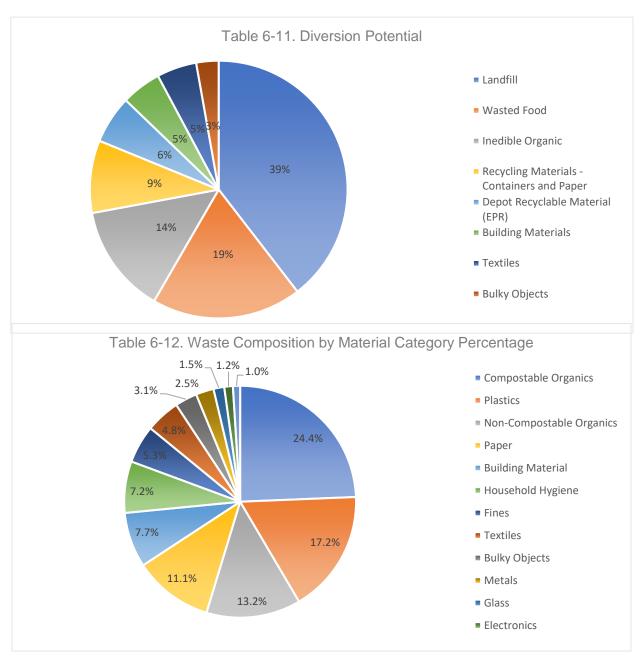


- 9. Average water consumption
- This indicator shows general water consumption behaviour over the year for multiple years.
- (Weekly Water Use, n.d.)



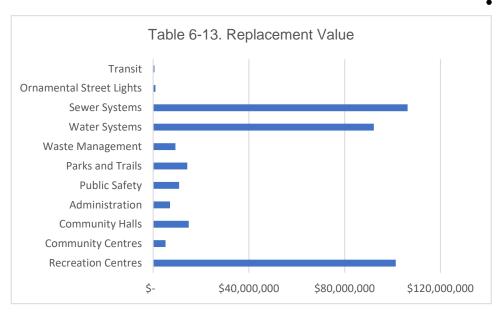
10. Waste stream

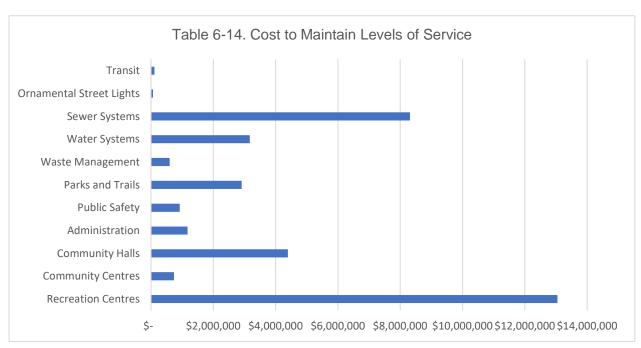
- This indicator measures the level of recycling and implicitly the loading on the landfill.



11. Asset management

- This indicator describes the condition of CVRD owned assets and the issues in maintaining these assets over the next 10 years.
- Estimated cost to maintain existing infrastructure (<u>Corporate</u> <u>Strategic Asset</u> <u>Management</u> <u>Plan: 2020</u>, 2020, p. 52)
 - 10 year renewal plans for CVRD assets and condition of assets (Corporate Strategic Asset Management Plan: 2020: Appendix D, 2020, p. 7-19)





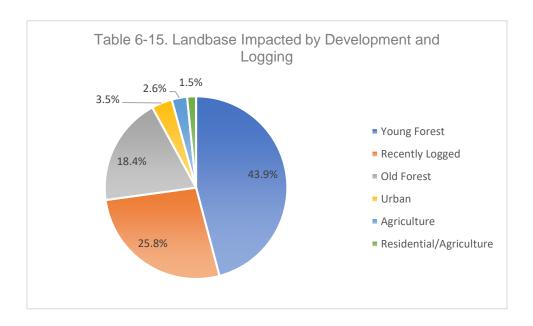
Objective: Protect the environment

Indicator

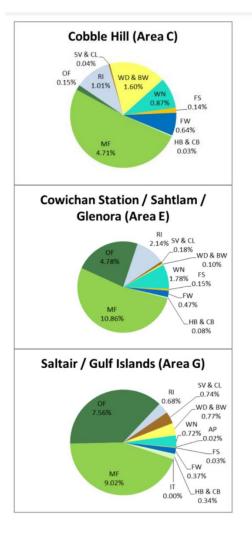
Rationale

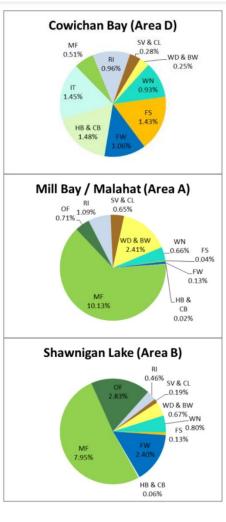
Data accessibility

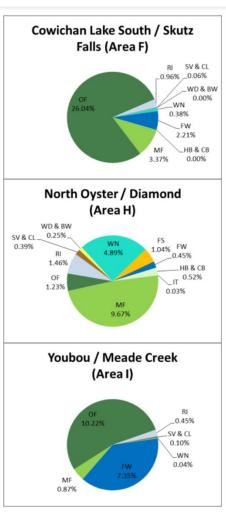
- 12. Area of CVRD impacted by development and logging
- This indicator shows changes of land use over time and erosion of natural areas.
- % breakdown of landuse type in CVRD (<u>Cowichan Region State</u> of <u>Environment Report:</u> <u>Update 2014:</u> <u>Landbase</u>, 2014, p. 4)



- 13. Environmentally sensitive areas
- This indicator shows area of different types of ESAs in each electoral area – so change can be tracked over time.
- https://www.cvrd.bc.ca/ <u>DocumentCenter/View/9</u>
 0505/Part-1_ESA-<u>Inventory-Report_May-2018</u>

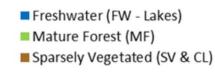




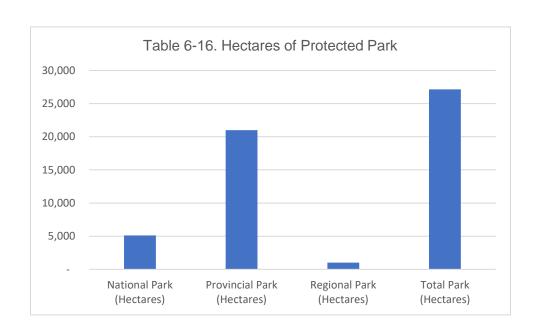






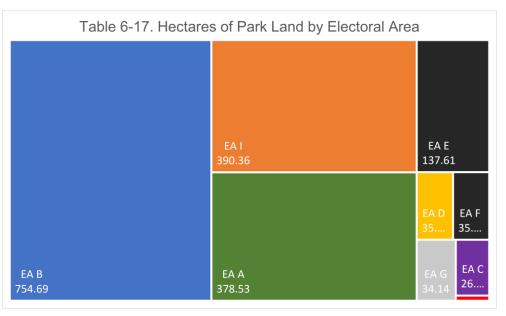


- 14. Area of CVRD protected as park
- This indicator shows area dedicated and managed as park and change over time.
- Area of protected park (2010 State of the Environment, 2010, p. 42)

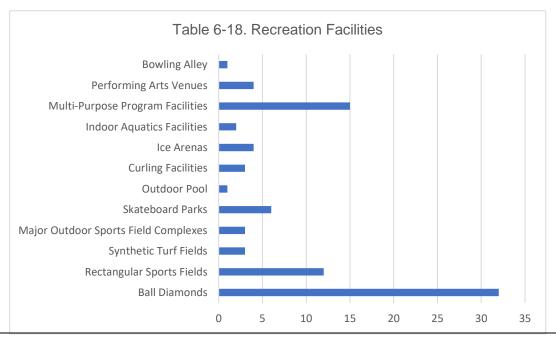


- 15. Hectares of park in electoral areas
- This indicator shows the investment and access to parks across the region and informs future investment.
- HOCP Performance Measures Table (p. 49)

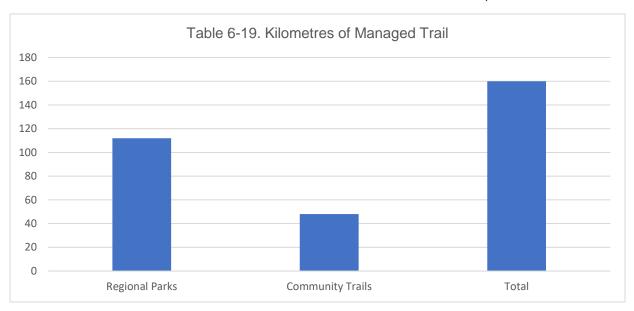
Current status: 26,981 ha or 8.594% of plan area.



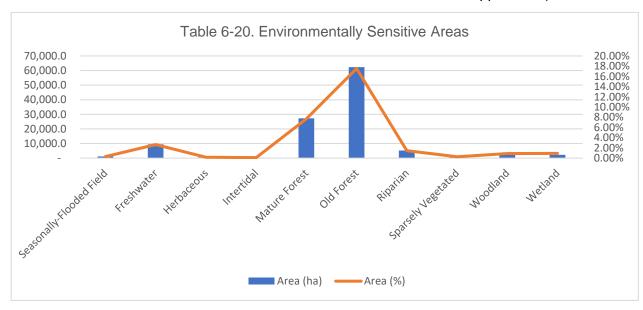
- 16. Indoor and outdoor recreation facilities available
- This indicator shows access to various facilities within different areas of the region and informs on future investments for growth areas.
- Regional recreational strategic plan 2019
- MOCP may require GIS analysis for ratios in new growth areas.



- 17. Trails km / type / location
- This indicator shows what trails exist now and which ones are being added over time.
- (Corporate Strategic <u>Asset Management</u> <u>Plan: 2020</u>, 2020, p. 12)



- 18. Sensitive ecosystem protection
- This indicator shows the percentage of the CVRD that has significant vegetation or forest on it, which indicates to a certain extent the amount of habitat available and the relative carbon sequestration performance.
- Area and % of CVRD by Environmentally Sensitive Area type (Environmentally Sensitive Areas Mapping in the Cowichan Region: Phase II, 2018, p. 9, Appendix D)



- Lakes and rivers support human settlement, recreation and natural environments for plants and animals. As such, water quality is important to monitor and understand.
- Government of BC: Surface Water Monitoring Sites
- Government of BC:
 Groundwater Level
 Data

Table 6-21. CVRD Groundwater Quality				
Parameter	Location	Date	Result	Units
Phosphorus	Lake Cowichan (aquifer 178)	2015-09- 22	0.263	mg/L
Filospilorus	176)	2016-11-	0.203	mg/L
Phosphorus	Ladysmith (aquifer 162)	16	0.0248	mg/L
Phosphorus	Duncan (aquifer 186)	2016-08- 16	0.0022	ma/l
Filospilorus	Durican (aquiler 100)	2013-10-	0.0022	mg/L
Phosphorus	Cobble Hill (aquifer 197)	31	0.0525	mg/L
	Lake Cowichan (aquifer	2015-09-		
Nitrogen	178)	22	0.319	mg/L
Nitrogon	Ladvamith (aguifar 162)	2016-11- 16	0.088	m a /l
Nitrogen	Ladysmith (aquifer 162)	_	0.000	mg/L
Nitrogen	Duncan (aquifer 186)	2016-08- 16	0.126	mg/L
A.U.		2013-10-		,,
Nitrogen	Cobble Hill (aquifer 197)	31	0.093	mg/L
Metals	Lake Cowichan (aquifer 178)	2015-09- 22	6.11544	mg/L
		2016-11-		g , _
Metals	Ladysmith (aquifer 162)	16	2.176075	mg/L
		2016-08-		
Metals	Duncan (aquifer 186)	16	0.995665	mg/L
Metals	Cobble Hill (aquifor 107)	2013-10- 31	7.429068	ma/l
เทษเลเจ	Cobble Hill (aquifer 197)	31	1.429000	mg/L

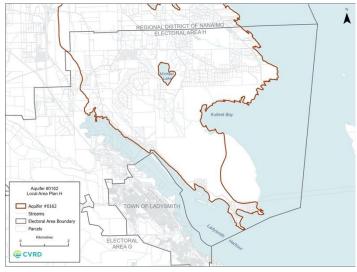


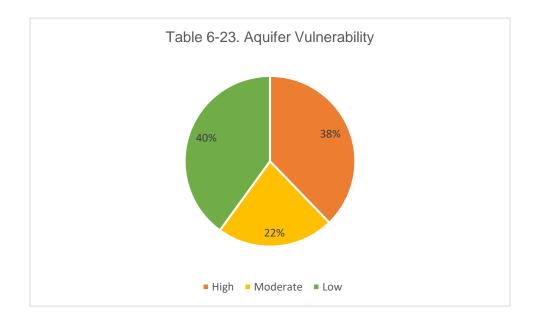
Figure 1: Location and extent of Aquifer 162

Table 6-22. CVRD Surface Water Quality					
			Depth		
Parameter	Location	Date	(m)	Result	Units
Turbidity	Cowichan Lake	2020-03- 10	1	0.42	NTU
ruibidity	COWICHAIT LAKE	2020-03-	1	0.42	INTO
Turbidity	Shawnigan Lake	12	1	0.65	NTU
	J	2020-02-			
Turbidity	Quamichan Lake	26	1	1.93	NTU
T	0	2020-03-		0.00	
Temperature	Cowichan Lake	10 2020-03-	1	6.29	С
Temperature	Shawnigan Lake	12	1	5.91	С
Tomporataro	Chawnigan Lake	2020-02-	•	0.01	
Temperature	Quamichan Lake	26	1	6.37	С
	Drinking water and				
	recreation areas.	0040.40			0511/400
E Coli	Cowichan Lake - Marina	2013-12- 02	0.5	<1	CFU/100m
L COII	Shawnigan Lake	2003-08-	0.5		CFU/100m
E Coli	South End	13	0.5	1	L
		2017-08-			CFU/100m
E Coli	Quamichan Lake	29	1	<1	L
F 0-8	Halland Lake Outland	1994-05-	0		CFU/100m
E Coli	Holland Lake Outflow	18 2001-11-	0	0	CFU/100m
E Coli	Stocking Lake	21	_	<1	I
2 0011	Ctooking Lake	2017-08-		1	CFU/100m
E Coli	Koksilah River	29	-	72	L
		2017-08-			CFU/100m
E Coli	Cowichan River	29	-	6	CF11/400
E Coli	Chemainus River	2012-03- 20	0.5	10	CFU/100m
L COII	Spiers Creek at	2017-08-	0.5	10	CFU/100m
E Coli	Hillbank Rd.	08	-	320	L
	Averill Creek Near	2017-08-			CFU/100m
E Coli	Duncan	29	-	10	L
E Cali	Chauminan Craak	2018-11- 29		40	CFU/100m
E Coli	Shawnigan Creek	2013-10-	-	43	L
Metals	Cowichan River	29	0.5	12.23	mg/L
		1995-11-			
Metals	Shawnigan Creek	01	0.5	5.45	mg/L
Mariala	D Dla sa C	2014-11-	0.5	4.40	
Metals	Busy Place Creek	12 2020-03-	0.5	4.18	mg/L
Nitrogen	Cowichan Lake	10	1	0.051	mg/L
ogom	COMIDITALI Edito	2020-03-	•	0.001	
Nitrogen	Shawnigan Lake	12	1	0.107	mg/L

		2020-02-			
Nitrogen	Quamichan Lake	26	1	0.29	mg/L
		2020-03-		0.003	
Phosphorus	Cowichan Lake	10	1	3	mg/L
		2020-03-		0.004	
Phosphorus	Shawnigan Lake	12	1	1	mg/L
		2020-02-			
Phosphorus	Quamichan Lake	26	1	0.259	mg/L

20. Aquifer vulnerability

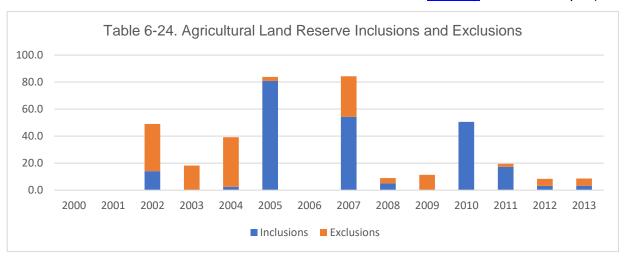
- Groundwater aquifers provide a significant amount of drinking water in the CVRD. Areas of high intrinsic vulnerability offer less natural protection than areas of low or moderate vulnerability; therefore, land use activities which pose a high hazard should be discouraged from these areas, or require much more stringent hydrogeological assessment and reporting requirements to ensure prevention of contamination is maximized..
- https://www.cvr d.bc.ca/Docum entCenter/View /7838/Guide-touse-of-intrinsicaquifervulnerabilitym?bidld=



Objective: Strengthen food and agricultural systems for food security

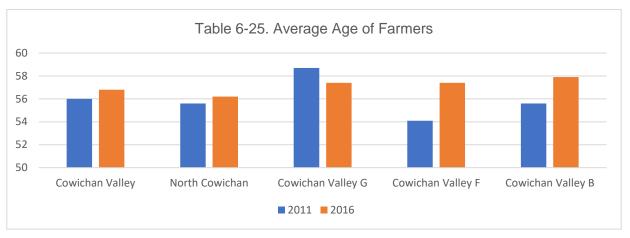
Indicator Rationale Data accessibility

- 21. ALR exclusions and inclusions
- This indicator shows the stability of the ALR and its farmland base in the CVRD.
- ALR inclusions and exclusions and ha of land farmed (<u>Cowichan Region State of</u> <u>Environment Report: Update</u> <u>2014: Farm Land and Food</u> <u>Security</u>, 2014, 2014, p. 6)



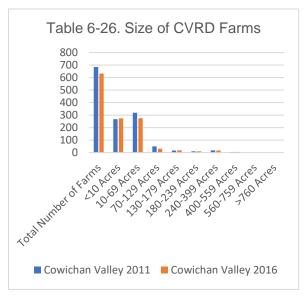
22. Average age of farmers

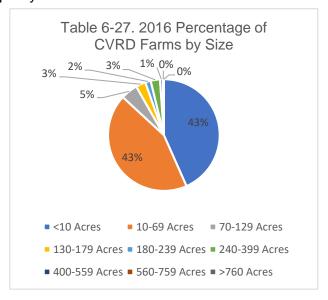
- This indicator shows the longterm succession capacity for the region's farms and the ag sector in general.
- Average age of farm operators in CVRD 2011 and 2016 (<u>Statistics Canada</u>)
- Average age of farm operators in CVRD (<u>Census of</u> <u>Agriculture 2001 and 2006</u>)



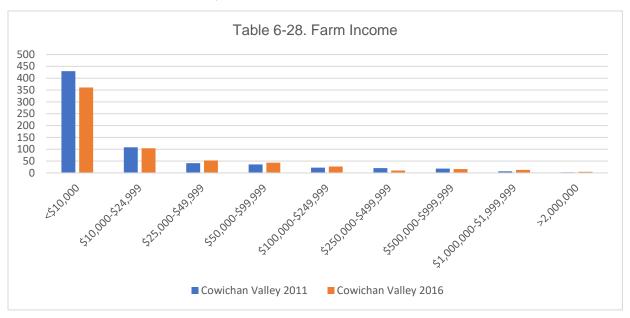
23. Size of CVRD farms

- Farms generally have a minimum size for feasibility of different types and this indicator shows % that are probably viable long term for major food production and informs subdivision policy.
- Number of farms by size in 2011 and 2016 (<u>Statistics</u> <u>Canada</u>, 2016a)

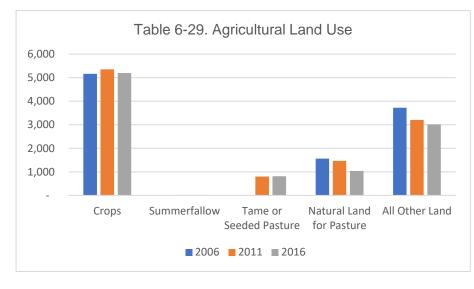




- 24. Income receipts for farms
- This indicator shows what percentage of farms are viable businesses and how many are hobby farms.
- CVRD farms classified by gross farm receipts (<u>Statistics</u> <u>Canada</u>, 2016b)



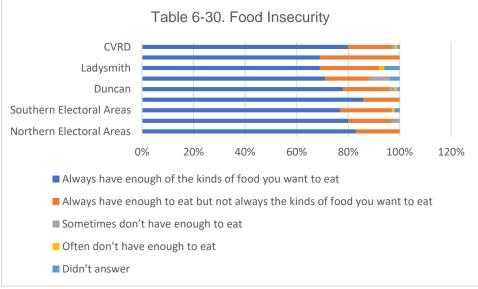
- 25. Land in food production
- This indicator shows the level of actual production of food in the region, as well as likely improvements to existing agricultural lands.



- Hectares of land in food production and breakdown of crop area for different crops in 2006, 2011 and 2016 (<u>Agriculture in Brief:</u> <u>Cowichan Valley</u> <u>Regional District</u>, 2016, p. 1)
- Primary agriculture activity on CVRD agricultural lands (<u>Agriculture Water</u> <u>Demand Model:</u> <u>Report for the</u> <u>Cowichan Valley</u> <u>Regional District</u>, 2013, p. 27)

26. Food insecurity

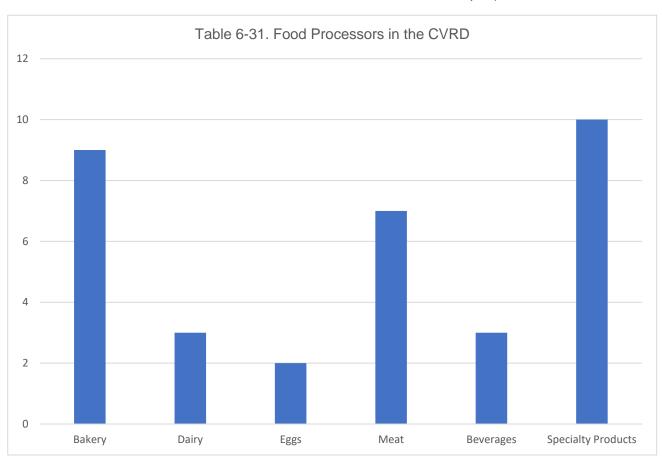
 This indicator shows what % of the CVRD population experiences food insecurity



Percent distribution of food insecurity
 (Cowichan Communities Health Profile, 2014, p. 57)

27. Food processing

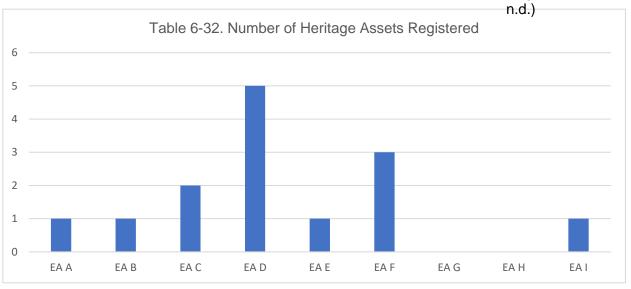
- This indicator shows the potential and ability for local food production which may contribute to strengthening the region's food systems.
- Processors in CVRD by location and type (<u>Creating</u> <u>Climate Change Resilience:</u> <u>Enhancing Food Processing in</u> <u>the CVRD</u>, 2014, Appendix B)
- Class A Abattoirs in or near CVRD (<u>Creating Climate</u> <u>Change Resilience: Enhancing</u> <u>Food Processing in the CVRD</u>, 2014, p. 7)



Objective: Support heritage, arts and culture

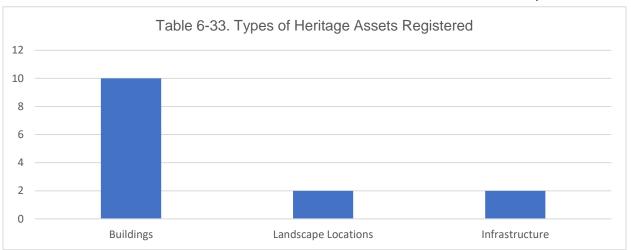
Indicator F	Rationale	Data accessibility
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- 28. Heritage assets registered by electoral area
- This indicator shows the extent of the heritage register across the region.
- Listing of properties on community heritage register by electoral area (Cowichan Valley Regional District,



29. Types of assets registered

- This indicator shows the relative priorities of registration across different heritage assets.
- Listing of properties on community heritage register (<u>Cowichan Valley</u> <u>Regional District</u>, n.d.)





 This indicator shows priorities for arts investments.

\$5,000

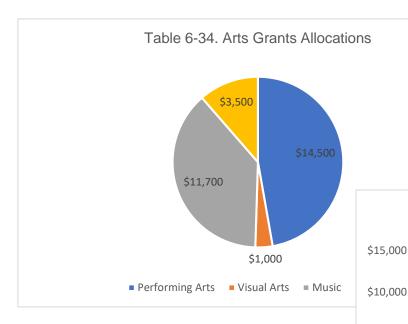
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EAA EAB EAC EAD EAE EAF EAG EAH EAI

Arts and culture

grants awarded in



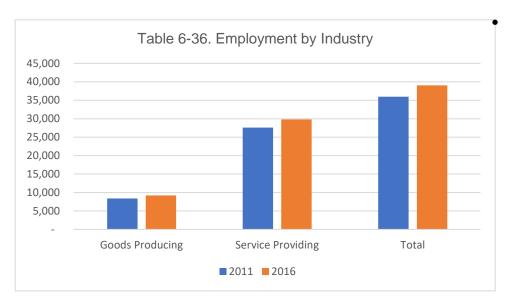
Objective: Realize the region's economic potential

Indicator

Rationale

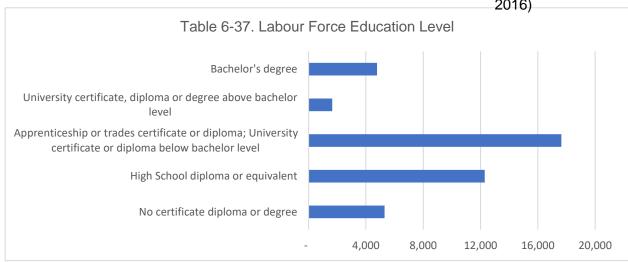
Data accessibility

- 31. Employment by industry and change over time
- This indicator shows change over time in the key industries which informs land use decisions and economic development strategies.

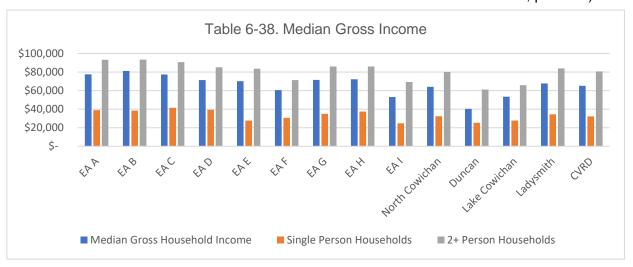


Labour force in 2011 and 2016 (Industrial Land Use Strategy, 2019, p. 16) Employment by industry (Longrange projections of population, housing and employment in the Cowichan Valley Regional District, 2019, p. 19)

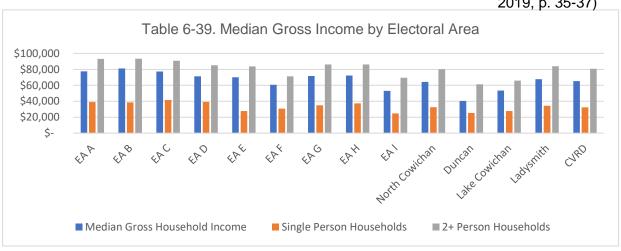
- 32. Labour force education level
- This indicator shows the labour capital available for market growth and investment.
- Workforce
 education
 attainment
 (Investing in BC's
 Cowichan Valley
 Regional District,
 2016)



- 33. Median and gross incomes
- This indicator shows the essential economic condition of the region and speaks to housing affordability.
- Median household income (<u>Long-range projections</u> of population, housing and employment in the Cowichan Valley Regional District, 2019, p. 35-37)

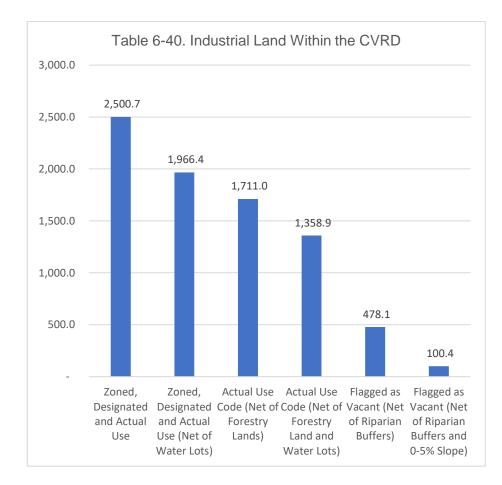


- 34. Distribution of household income in electoral areas
- This indicator shows the relative incomes of electoral areas and informs where various types of housing needs to be planned for.
- Median household income (Long-range projections of population, housing and employment in the Cowichan Valley Regional District, 2019, p. 35-37)



35. Industriallydesignated land available

This indicator shows how much industrial land is available in the region and electoral areas now – and how much is available for development to inform land use planning.



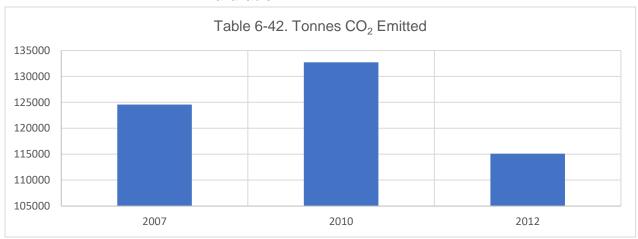
- Percent and hectares of land zoned as or designated for industrial use (<u>Industrial Land Use Strategy</u>, 2019, p. 24)
- Percent and hectares of land zoned, designated or actually used for industrial use (<u>Industrial Land</u> <u>Use Strategy</u>, 2019, p. 25)
- Hectares of industrial land by electoral area (<u>Industrial Land</u> <u>Use Strategy</u>, 2019, p. 27)
- Vacant industrial land with less than 5% (<u>Industrial</u> <u>Land Use</u> <u>Strategy</u>, 2019, p. 30)

Objective: Mitigate and adapt to climate change

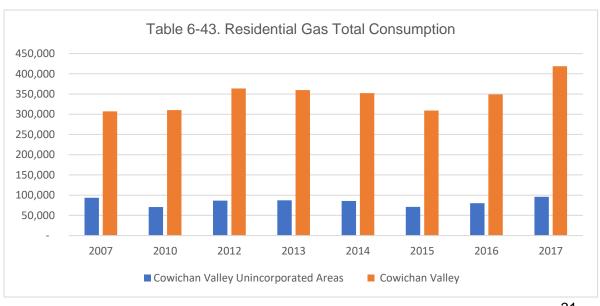
Indicator	Rationale	Data accessibility
36. Corporate GHG emissions	The CVRD signed the BC Climate Action Charter in 2007 and has committed to climate neutrality for its own operations.	 CO₂ emissions and offsets (2018 Climate Action Revenue Incentive Program Public Report, 2019, p. 2) BC Government 2017 emissions inventory (shows per capita emissions dropping between 2012-2017).

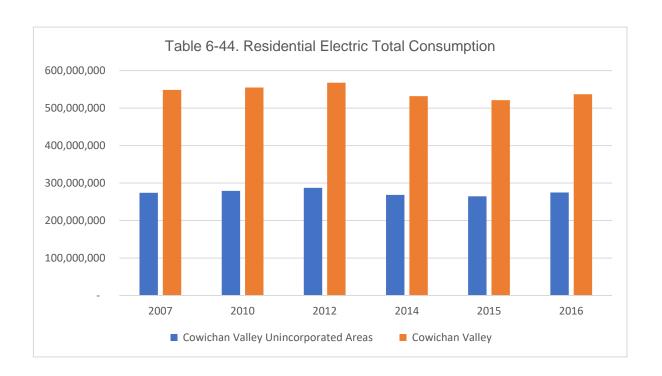


- 37. Community energy and emission inventories
- GHG emissions involve many inputs and the provincial government provided these inventories for several years in the past 15. The CEEI program has since ceased so current CEEI data is not available.
- (Climate Mitigation, n.d.)



- 38. Utilities energy data
- The energy emitted from energy consumption is a key indicator and can be used as a proxy for building emissions.
- (<u>Provincial Greenhouse</u>
 Gas Emissions Inventory)





- 39. Solid waste emissions
- Solids waste is a small but important element of a community's emissions.
- (<u>Provincial Greenhouse</u>
 <u>Gas Emissions Inventory</u>)

